**Linguistic Attitudes and Uses of the population of Palma de Mallorca towards the co-official languages of the Balearic Islands: Catalan and Spanish**

The relationship between language attitudes and language policy has become complex in today’s society. While in some contexts they seem to influence and complement each other, in others, they seem to have taken opposite directions. This is the situation that seems to be occurring in the context of the Balearic Islands (Spain) and, more specifically, in its capital, Palma de Mallorca, where Catalan and Spanish coexist as the two official languages. According to previous studies, since the restoration of Spanish democracy in the 1970s, the institutions of the Balearic Islands have worked on the elaboration of a legal framework that allows, not only the recognition of Catalan and Spanish as official languages in the region, but also the normalization and promotion of Catalan as a minority language and the historic language of the archipelago. Despite the adoption of this language policy by the Balearic government, it seems that the use of both languages as well as the attitudes toward them seem to have taken a different direction, especially in Palma. Consequently, the aim of this study is to explore the language attitudes and uses of the population of Palma toward Catalan and Spanish. To do so, a total of 127 participants from Palma between 18 and 71 years old completed an online questionnaire designed to explore their use of both languages as well as their attitudes toward them.

We are still analyzing data.